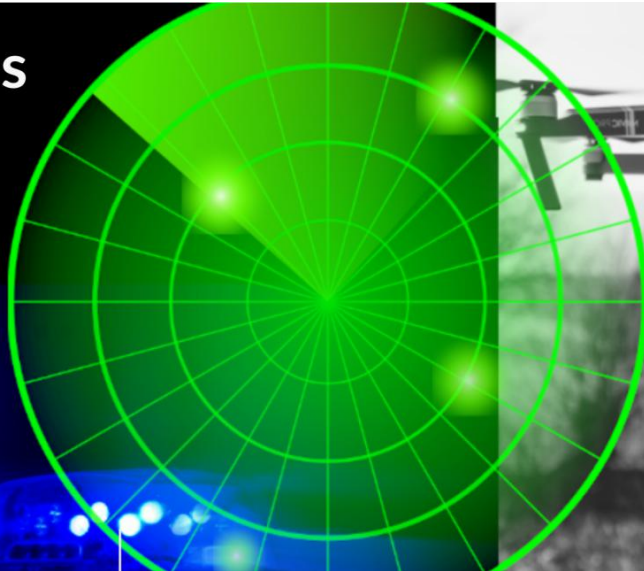


DroneBeacon - Transponder Manual

152fpv-series

July 2024 - version 1.0

Remote ID for drones



The latest version of this manual is located here:
<https://download.bluemark.io/db152fpv.pdf>

Intended audience: users of the db152fpv transponder

Disclaimer: we are not responsible or liable for errors or incomplete information in this document.

Version history

| version | date | | description |
|---------|-----------|---|-----------------|
| 1.0 | July 2024 | ● | Initial release |



QUICK START

Attach to the drone



- Attach the DroneBeacon db152fpv board to your drone by installing it between the GNSS (GPS) receiver and your flight controller.
 - Connect the GPS (GNSS) receiver that supports the NMEA or UBX (u-blox) GPS protocol to the *GPS IN* port using the provided JST-SH cable.
 - ◆ Make sure the pin-layout and connector type matches the pin-layout/connector of the *GPS IN* port. **Wiring, see section 1.4.**
 - (Optional) Connect the *GPS OUT* port db152fpv board to the flight controller using a JST-SH cable.
 - Use M3 screws for mounting or mount it into a 20 x 20 stack.

Use the db152fpv



- If you power on the drone, the db152fpv will be automatically powered on too.
- Wait for a GPS fix (slowly flashing status LED every 4 seconds). You are ready to fly.

Status LED

- time - **Ready for take-off:** slowly flashing (every 4 s), location acquired.
- time - Non-compliant config: very slow flashing (every 20 s), location acq.
- time - Acquiring location

Configuration



For typical use in the USA no configuration is required. USA: use the db152fpv S/N number for registering your drone at the [FAA](https://www.faa.gov). For the EU, you need to enter your operator ID and UA class.

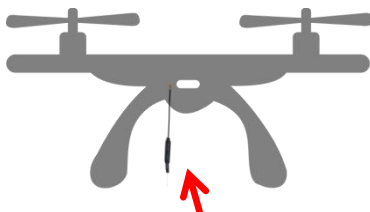
- After the db152fpv is powered, press the configuration button. The *red* config LED is now solid red.
- Connect to the *dronebeacon* WLAN network (no password needed)
- Point your browser to <http://192.168.50.1> or scan the QR code.



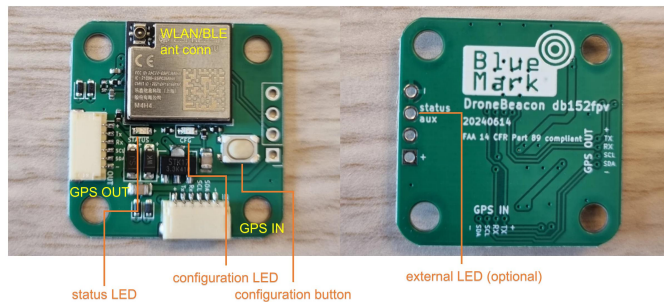
Flying a drone could create risks for people, air traffic and other assets. Before flying, the drone operator has to make sure to know the local rules regarding drone flights and obtain the necessary authorization to fly the drone(s).



configuration web-page



db152fpv Vertical antenna installation. Thick antenna part should not be obstructed by metal objects



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1 INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing and using DroneBeacon products!

The latest version of this user manual may be downloaded at the following link:

<https://download.bluemark.io/db152fpv.pdf>

(Direct/Broadcast) Remote Identification (Remote ID) adds “beacon” capability to drones to broadcast basic information of airborne drones, such as the operator's registration number, drone serial number and current position. The EU and USA have new rules that make Remote ID mandatory for drones over 250 grams weight. The beacon information can be used by general public, law enforcement and drones to give better situation awareness of the airspace around them.

BlueMark Innovations BV offers Remote ID transponders and receivers. DroneBeacon db152fpv is an add-on (transponder) for drones that broadcasts Remote ID beacon signals. The module is designed for FPV drones and an external GPS (GNSS) receiver, but of course it can be used for other drones as well. Besides the db152fpv we also provide other Remote ID add-ons. DroneScout is a receiver that detects Remote ID signals of nearby drones up to several km distance (in open space). See <https://dronescout.co> for more information about our products.

1.1 Audience

This document is intended for users that want to use the *DroneBeacon db152fpv* transponder as a stand-alone Remote ID add-on for their FPV drone or other UAV product. There is a separate manual for the *DroneBeacon MAVLink db201* transponder (intended for drone manufacturers). Also we provide a stand-alone Remote ID add-on with battery: the db120 transponder and without: db121/db121pcb.

1.2 Specifications

The transponder consists of an embedded system and several radio-interfaces to broadcast Remote ID signals.

In the EU, the db152fpv is a *Direct remote identification (DRI) Add-on*. DRI Add-ons are considered as payload in the EU. DRI means a system that ensures the local broadcast of information about a Unmanned Aircraft (UA) in operation, including the marking of the UA, so that this information can be obtained without physical access to the UA. A DRI Add-on is standalone direct remote ID broadcast device integrating a GNSS function and a communication. function, being able to provide position, height, speed over ground, track clockwise with true north, of the UA, and it's take-off position. In the USA, the db152fpv is a *Remote ID broadcast module*.



Regulation

The db152fpv transponder complies and adheres to the following regulations:

| region | | |
|--------|---|------------|
| EU | DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2019/945 PART 6 | March 2019 |
| | DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2020/1058 | April 2020 |
| | ASD-STAN FprEN-4709-002:2023 (E) (Part 002: Direct Remote Identification) | June 2023 |
| USA | ASTM, International (ASTM) F3586-22, with additions | July 2022 |

The EU Declaration of Conformity can be found here:

https://dronescout.co/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/EU-DoC_standalone.pdf

Audited RemoteID

This product has been externally audited and found to be compliant with the EU and FAA (USA) regulation. Read more here why external audit are important:

<https://bluemark.io/2024/05/external-audit-of-dronebeacon-remoteid-add-ons-why-it-matters/>



Key specifications:

- **Compliant with international regulations**
 - EU ASD-STAN DIN EN 4709-002:2023
 - USA ASTM Remote ID Standard ASTM F3411-22a-RID-B/ F3586-22
 - ◆ Accepted by the FAA
 - db152fpv <https://uasdoc.faa.gov/listDocs/RID000001757>
- Supports **all Remote ID transmission protocols**:
 - BLE legacy
 - BLE long range
 - WLAN NaN 2.4 GHz
 - WLAN Beacon 2.4 GHz
- **Long range** up to 5 km detection range¹
 - Omni-directional antenna (IPEX3) with 3 dBi gain.
 - Transmit power: +18 dBm (WLAN and Bluetooth)
- Power by the GPS in/out connector
 - Input voltage range: 4.75 to 15 V
 - 6-pin JST-SH 1 mm connector
 - Reverse polarity protection
 - Overvoltage (spikes) protection
- GPS connectors
 - 2x 6-pin JST-SH 1 mm connectors: *GPS IN* and *GPS OUT*: Vcc, TX, RX, SCL, SDA, GND
 - 3.3V Logic levels – ESD-protected
- GPS protocol
 - NMEA or UBX

¹ The detection range depends on several factors such as the receiver antenna gain, transmission protocol, weather conditions, flying height, receiver height line of sight etc. With professional receivers a range up to 5 km is possible.



- For operation in rainy conditions, the transponder needs to be protected against water.
- Supports any flight controller software such as Betaflight, INAV, ArduPilot, PX4 etc.
- Externally audited by Cox Data Labs and NavCert
- Dimensions (l x w x h):
 - db152fpv: 27 x 27 x 4 mm.
- Operating temperature
 - -40°C to +85°C
- Weight:
 - 2.9 gram (db152fpv, including antenna, excluding other cables)

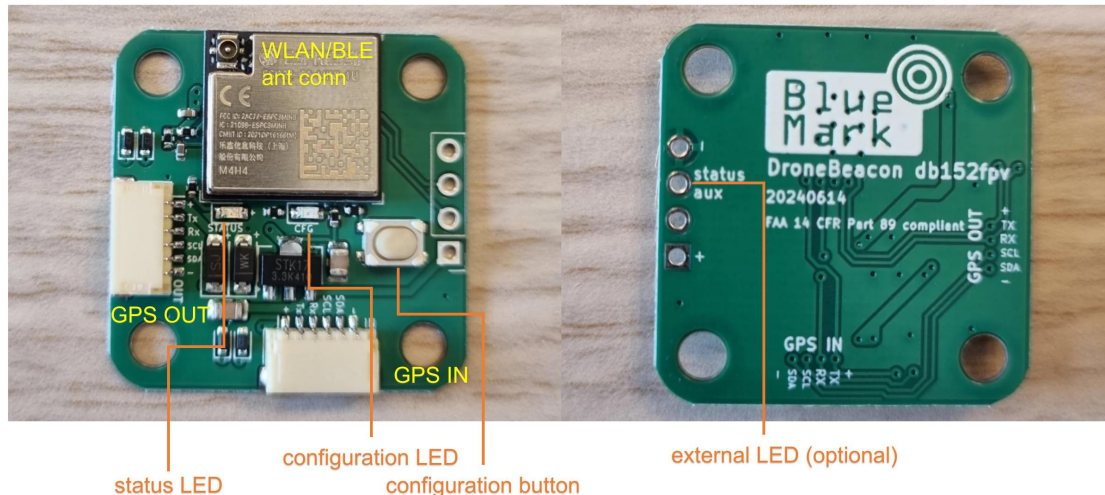


Figure 1 - DroneBeacon db152fpv transponder

1.3 What's in the Box

The following package contents should be present:

- 1x db152fpv transponder including external IPEX3 WLAN/Bluetooth antenna
- 2x JST-SH cable ~10 cm (single connector)
- sticker with valid FAA serial number (programmed in the module, but also provided as sticker.)

1.4 Installation

- Connect the external GPS (GNSS) receiver that supports the NMEA (or UBX) GPS protocol to the *GPS IN* port using a JST-SH cable.
 - Make sure the pin-layout and connector type matches the pin-layout/connector of the *GPS IN* port.
- Connect the *GPS OUT* port db152fpv board to the flight controller using a JST-SH cable. Make sure the pin-layout of both connectors are similar.
- Use M3 screws for mounting or mount it into a 20 x 20 stack.

The flight controller will power both the db152fpv and also the attached GNSS receiver.



Wiring

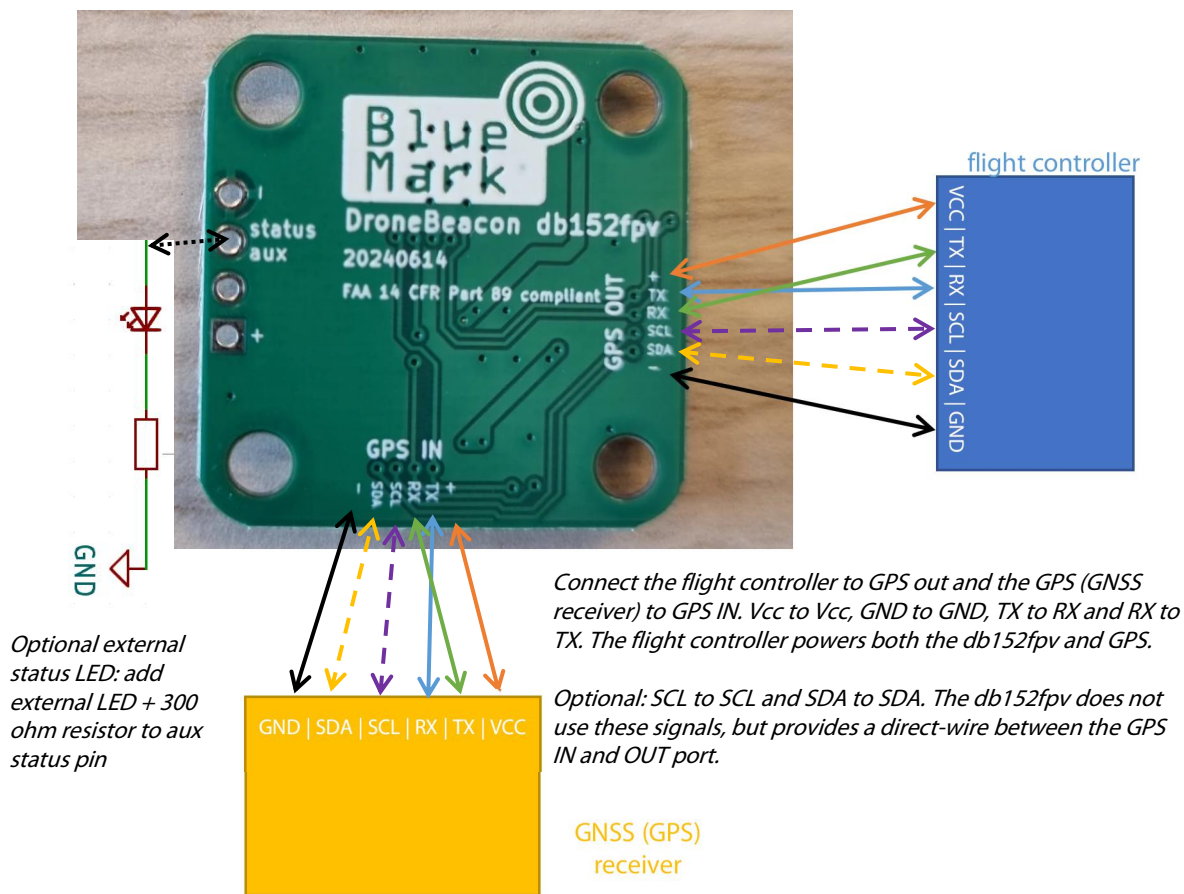


Figure 2 - Wiring of the db152fpv transponder to the GNSS receiver and flight controller

GNSS configuration

The db152fpv reads the GPS signals of the GNSS receiver attached to GPN in port. This information is used for Remote ID signals. The received GPS signals also relayed to the GPS OUT port. Chapter 2 (section 2.1) describes how you can configure the UART settings of the *GPS IN/OUT* port.

Flight controller

Configure the flight controller for your GPS receiver, similar as if you connected the GPS directly to the flight controller. The db152fpv is a transparent device, the flight controller does not know if the db152fpv is installed between flight controller and GPS receiver.

Example configuration for Betaflight

Connect the GPS out connector to any UART of the FC, for example UART3.

| Identifier | Configuration/MSP | Serial Rx | Telemetry Output | Sensor Input | Peripherals |
|------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| USB VCP | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO |
| UART1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO |
| UART2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO |
| UART3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | GPS 115200 | Disabled AUTO |
| UART4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO |
| UART5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 115200 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO | Disabled AUTO |

Save and Reboot

Figure 3 - Betaflight configuration step 1



Open configuration page, enable GPS option and select the protocol of the GPS receiver (NMEA or UBLOX)

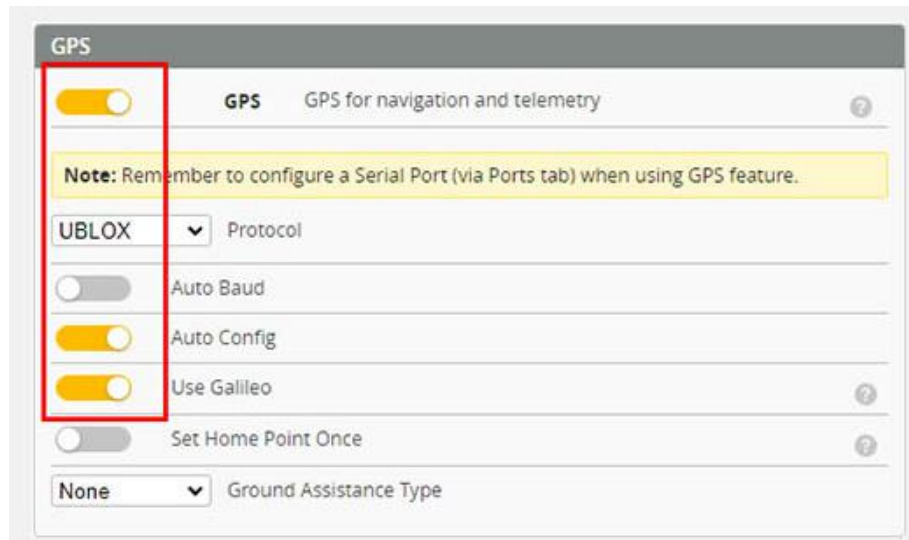


Figure 4 - Betaflight configuration step 2

After configuration, power on the FC and check whether the GPS icon is on.

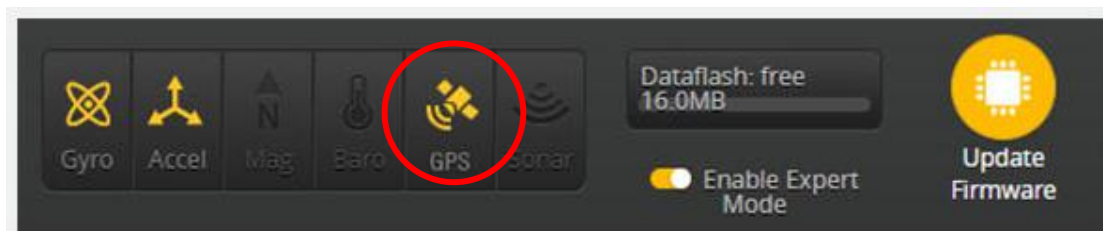


Figure 5 - Betaflight configuration step 3

status led

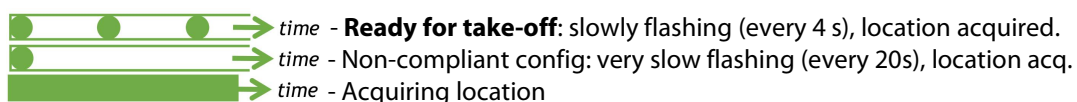
The status led should be visible by the user. And the user can only take-off if the status LED signals ready to take-off. **If the status LED is not visible, it will void the FAA DoC status of the db152fpv product! (Solution: add an external status LED as displayed in Figure 2.)**

1.5 Using the transponder

- Wait for the status LED to signal ready for take off/GPS fix (slowly flashing status LED every 4 seconds).
- You are ready to fly.

Status LED

The status LED can have the following states:



Note:

- For typical use in the USA no configuration is required. USA: use the db152fpv S/N number for registering your drone at the [FAA](#).
- For the EU, you need to enter your operator ID and UA class.



- A non-compliant configuration can be caused by selecting a non-compliant transmission protocol, selecting a lower transmit power (for WLAN modes).



Flying a drone could create risks for people, air traffic and other assets. Before flying, the drone operator has to make sure to know the local rules regarding drone flights and obtain the necessary authorization to fly the drone(s).

1.6 EMC test

To verify that the db152fpv does not produce interference to the drone or receives interference from the drone, it is advised to do a quick EMC test. (Only when attached for the first time to a drone.)

- Power on the drone and remote control. Keep the db152fpv powered off.
- Verify that the drone, remote control and wireless link are functioning properly.
- Power off the drone and remote control.
- Power on the db152fpv (using a different power source). Keep the drone and remote control powered off.
- Verify that the db152fpv is functioning properly. For instance by using the Android in Section 1.7 or by looking at the status LED (ready for take-off state).
- Repeat the tests by powering on both the db152fpv, the drone and remote control. If both the db152fpv and drone, remote control and wireless link are functioning properly, there is no EMC interference between both systems.
- In case there is interference, please move the db152fpv to a different place on the drone and repeat the tests. Alternatively lower the output power or change the transmission protocol.

1.7 Android/iOS app

You can use the free *OpenDroneID OSM* Android app to view the DroneBeacon Remote ID signals: https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=org.opendroneid.android_osm

Or the Drone Scanner Android app: <https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=cz.dronetag.dronesscanner>

Note: only few Android smartphones support reception of Bluetooth Long Range and/or WLAN NaN signals. Also, in default Android configuration, WLAN Beacon signals are typically received only once every few minutes. A list of supported smartphones is presented, in the link below. <https://github.com/opendroneid/receiver-android/blob/master/supported-smartphones.md>

iOS

The Drone Scanner app is also available for iOS. Due to limitation of iOS only BT4 reception is possible. <https://apps.apple.com/gb/app/drone-scanner/id1644548782>

1.8 Open Drone ID

DroneBeacon uses the Open Drone ID framework to broadcast Remote ID signals. The framework can be found on this page: <https://www.opendroneid.org/>



2 CONFIGURATION

The transponder can be configured via a web-interface. To active the configuration mode follow these steps:

- Power on the db152fpv transponder board.
- Press the configuration button, the *red* configuration LED is turned on.
- Connect to the *dronebeacon* WLAN network (no password needed)
- Point your browser to <http://192.168.50.1>

New settings will only be applied if the Save button is pressed!

Configuration mode will be quit, by pressing the configuration button again. The *red* configuration LED is now turned off. The transponder is now in normal operation mode.



configuration web-page

2.1 UART

On this page you can configure the UART settings for the GPS IN/OUT port. Here the baud rate , data bits, parity and stop bits of the *GPS IN/OUT* connectors are configured. Both ports will use the same UART settings. For most users the standard settings (auto baud rate detection) will work.

At the bottom of the page there is the GNSS status. It will show if the db152fpv module can receive NMEA/UBX (u-blox) messages. There are four different status codes:

- No GPS data, check UART settings!
- Partial GPS data, it needs GGA, GSA, RMC, GLL
- OK, GPS data received, no GPS fix
- OK, GPS data received and GPS fix (x)

If you change the GNSS configuration, exit first the configuration mode and enter it again. Otherwise the GNSS status is not updated!

Notes:

- the GNSS receiver needs to provide NMEA GGA, GSA, RMC and GLL messages OR UBX messages (UBX-NAV-PVT) to the Remote ID module
- the db152fpv will also forward UART messages received by the *GPS OUT* port to the *GPS IN* port.
- the status *No GPS data* indicates that the GNSS UART configuration is wrong.



DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20240208-1759

| | | | | | |
|------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| UART | General | Operator | Flight | Radio | Firmware |
|------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|

Baud rate:

Baud rate for communication with the GNSS (GPS) receiver.

Data bits:

Data bits for communication with the GNSS (GPS) receiver.

Parity:

Parity for communication with the GNSS (GPS) receiver.

Stop bits:

Stop bits for communication with the GNSS (GPS) receiver.

GNSS status: No GPS data, check UART settings!

If you change UART settings; save them and exit configuration mode to apply these new settings. Enter configuration mode again to check this status.

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

Figure 6 - UART configuration page

2.2 General

The main configuration can be found on the general tab.



DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20240208-1759

UART

General

Operator

Flight

Radio

Firmware

Serial number:

1787F07BM24

Serial number of the transponder.

UAS type:

Helicopter or Multirotor

Set the type of the UAV. Use Helicopter or Multirotor for a typical drone.

Auxiliary ID

Typically, consumers don't need to enter a second ID when they fly a drone. It is mostly relevant for companies operating UAVs in the EU. Set ID type to None to disable this second ID.

ID type:

None

Set the type of the ID. Set to None to disable.

Auxiliary ID:

An auxiliary ID. You can use it to enter the Serial Number of the UAV or enter your company number provided by the local aviation authorities. Note: for all ID types the input is considered as a string.

UAS type:

Other

Set the type of the UAV. Use Helicopter or Multirotor for a typical drone. Make sure it is set to the same UAS type as the type of the main Serial Number (top of this page).

Save

To factory defaults

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

Figure 7 - General configuration page

Fill in the drone type. Normal users don't need to fill in an Auxiliary ID.

2.3 Operator

In the operator tab, you can configure the details of your license provided by the National Aviation Authority. This is an optional setting for the USA. In the USA you need to use the serial number of the db120 instead for register your drone at the FAA. For the EU, this is a mandatory setting. *First, select the region where the drone is flying.* Outside the EU, no UAS category or UAS class is required.

Within the EU, only valid license numbers can be entered. In that case the input box becomes green.



DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20230414-1301

UART

General

Operator

Flight

Radio

Firmware

Region:

USA (and other regions)

Set the region where the drone is flying.

Registration number:

Optional identifier delivered by the National Aviation Authority after registering your UAS.

Save

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20230414-1301

UART

General

Operator

Flight

Radio

Firmware

Region:

EU

Set the region where the drone is flying.

Registration number:

This identifier delivered by the National Aviation Authority after registering your UAS. Enter the full number like NLD87astrdge12k8-abc. It will check if the registration number is valid and will only store the public part. Invalid registration numbers won't be saved.

UAS category:

undeclared

The category is delivered by the National Aviation Authority after registering your UAS.

UAS class:

undeclared

The class is delivered by the National Aviation Authority after registering your UAS.

Save

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

Figure 8 - Operator configuration page

2.4 Flight

In the flight tab, you can configure an *optional*/text describing the purpose of your flight.



DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20230414-1301

UART

General

Operator

Flight

Radio

Firmware

Description:

Enter an optional description (or purpose) for your flight (maximum 23 characters).

Save

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

Figure 9 - Flight configuration page

2.5 Radio

In the radio tab you can configure the transmission mode and other radio-related settings. Most users don't change settings in this section. Note that in the USA only BLE dual-mode and WLAN broadcast transmission mode are allowed. In the EU BLE legacy is optional transmission mode. One of the other transmission methods (BLE Long Range, WLAN NaN or WLAN Beacon) are mandatory. Of course, BLE dual-mode (default setting) is compliant too in the EU.

DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20240208-1759

UART

General

Operator

Flight

Radio

Firmware

Advanced settings, most users don't change these settings.

Transmission mode:

BLE dual mode: legacy +

Configure the transmission mode. For maximum compatibility, select BLE dual mode. Using a WLAN transmission mode will lower the battery life by roughly 50%.

Transmission period:

1 Hz (1s)

Configure how often the transponder broadcasts its location. Most users keep this value at 1 Hz (1 s).

WLAN channel:

6

Advanced setting: configure the channel for WLAN transmissions. Default is channel 6. Other channels will consume more power as more transmissions per seconds are required.

Broadcast device name:

☒

Advanced setting: if enabled, it will broadcast 'DroneBeacon ' and the last 4 characters of the serial number as BLE device name and as SSID (if those broadcast methods are enabled). In the EU this option needs to be enabled for WLAN broadcast methods in order to be compliant.

Reply to active WLAN scanning:

☒

Advanced setting: if enabled, it will reply to active WLAN scanning requests. This is an optional feature that is not mandatory in Remote ID. If disabled, it will be harder by smartphones to detect WLAN Remote ID signals. This setting only applies if the WLAN broadcast method is used.

Transmit power:

+18 dBm

Set the transmission power. Most users keep this value at +18 dBm. A lower value means that the detection range decreases. This setting is used both for BLE and WLAN transmission. Note: setting a lower transmission power than the maximum (+18 dBm) is non-compliant for WLAN modes. The battery life is extended up to 8% if +6 dBm is selected (compared to +18 dBm).

Save

To factory defaults

After pressing Save, press the configuration button again to exit this mode and return to normal mode.

Figure 10 - Radio configuration page

2.6 Firmware

In the firmware tab, you can upgrade the firmware of the transponder.

Firmware files can be found here: <https://dronescout.co/downloads/>

Upload the file and press Flash image to upload new firmware. Upgrading firmware has been tested with Chrome and Firefox. If upgrade fails, please try again or try another browser.



DroneBeacon configuration FPV

firmware: 20230414-1301

| | | | | | |
|------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| UART | General | Operator | Flight | Radio | Firmware |
|------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|

Firmware file: No file chosen

Select the new firmware (with extension bin) and press the flash image button to upgrade. If flashing fails or you flash the wrong file, it will automatically fallback to the previous firmware version.

Flash image

After pressing the flash image button, the device will automatically reboot within 30 seconds. Press the cfg-button on the device again to check the running firmware.

Figure 11 - Firmware upgrade page



3 CURRENT PROFILE

The current profile has been measured using a digital current meter with a ~ 7.2 kHz sampling rate. Below the current profile (db152fpv) has been shown for 5 seconds (without attached GNSS receiver). Here, Bluetooth legacy and Bluetooth Long Range have been enabled. Also, the module transmits with maximum transmit power (+18 dBm). On the left the module is powered off and then connected to power (+5 V).

- The startup current profile is shown in the first 0.8 seconds.
- The *average* current is 42 mA (~ 210 mW).
- The *median* current -if there is no transmission- is 32 mA (~ 160 mW).
- The *peak* current is 280 mA^2 (~ 1.4 W).
- If the transmit power is reduced in the firmware, the peak current will also be smaller.

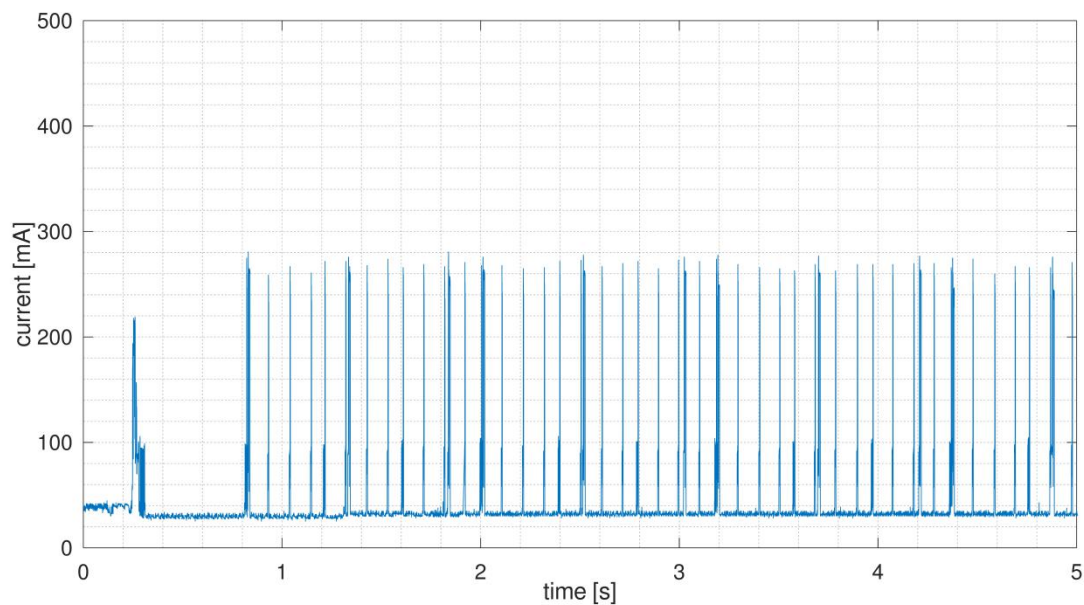


Figure 12 - Current profile of the db152fpv transponder with BLE legacy and BLE Long Range enabled (input voltage +5V)

² The maximum *instantaneous* current may be higher, as the maximum value is limited by the sample rate of the current meter.



4 TROUBLESHOOTING

Access to the configuration web-pages fails.

Failing to access the configuration web-pages can have multiple causes. Make sure the configuration LED is solid red. Also, make sure that you connect to the *dronebeacon* network. If you get a message that the network does not provide internet, make sure you decline the message to disconnect and connect to your default WLAN network again. The browser *Safari* can also give issues to connect to the configuration web-pages. Use a different browser in this case. Also, a VPN, browser add-ons or another active internet connection can give issues. Disconnect the VPN and other internet connections. The easiest solution is use a different device to connect to the configuration pages.

The reported height is wrong.

The db152fpv uses the GNSS (GPS) signal to determine the height of the db152fpv. It needs a good GPS reception/fix for this purpose. Make sure you install the external GPS module has good GPS reception.

The db152fpv interferes with the drone communication link.

Move the db152fpv to a location further away from the drone communication antenna. Even 10 cm extra distance can make a huge difference. See also section 1.6 EMC test. In addition, change the transmission protocol if the interference persists. Typically, Bluetooth transmission protocols cause less interference to other radio systems. Also a lower the transmit power will reduce interference.

The red configuration LED glows softly when the db152fpv is powered on.

If the power source is too weak, the db152fpv will not boot normally and will be stuck in the bootloader. Also if the configuration button is stuck (pressed) when the device boots, the db152fpv will not boot normally, but instead will enter a special boot mode. If this is the case the red configuration LED will glow softly. To solve this, make sure that the configuration button is not pressed or is stuck.



5 WARRANTY

The product has a two-year warranty period, starting at the date of receiving the product. Outside warranty are issues like crash damage, improper use, (extreme) weather conditions that damages the product. The product is eligible for future firmware updates as described in the section 2.4 firmware.

Warranty Service

Please email or call us first with a description of the problem. Typically, the customer is responsible for transportation costs to our office. For post-warranty cases contact us too; we will try to do our best to find a solution.



6 MORE INFORMATION

If you need more information, please contact us at info@bluemark.io or by phone: +31 53 711 2104.

All contact information can be found at the *DroneScout* contact page:
<https://dronescout.co/contact/>

Postal address:

BlueMark Innovations BV
Bruggenmorsweg 10
7521ZV Enschede
the Netherlands

